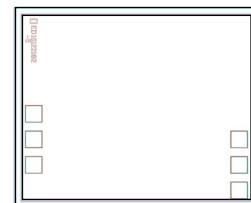


X2 MMIC Frequency Multiplier Die

CY2-283-D+

50Ω

Output 7 to 28 GHz



The Big Deal

- Ultra-wideband, output from 7 to 28 GHz
- Wide input power range, +12 to +18 dBm
- Low conversion loss, 13 dB
- Good fundamental and harmonic suppression:
F1, 35 dBc; F3, 34 dBc; F4, 23 dBc

Product Overview

Mini-Circuits' CY2-283-D+ is an ultra-wideband MMIC frequency doubler die, converting input frequencies from 3.5 to 14 GHz into output frequencies from 7 to 28 GHz. Its wide output range makes this model suitable for broadband systems as well as a wide variety of narrowband applications. Utilizing GaAs HBT technology, the multiplier offers excellent repeatability.

Key Features

Feature	Advantages
Broadband, 7 to 28 GHz output	With an output frequency range spanning 7 to 28 GHz, this multiplier supports broadband applications such as defense and instrumentation as well as a wide range of narrowband system requirements.
Low conversion loss, 13 dB typ.	With a low conversion loss, CY2-283-D+ produces higher output power, reducing the need for amplification.
Excellent fundamental and harmonic suppression: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• F1, 35 dBc• F3, 34 dBc• F4, 23 dBc	Reduces unwanted harmonic signals and the need for additional filtering.
Wide input power range, +12 to +18 dBm	Wide input power signal range accommodates different input signal levels while still maintaining a low conversion loss.
Unpackaged die	Enables the user to integrate the doubler directly into hybrids.

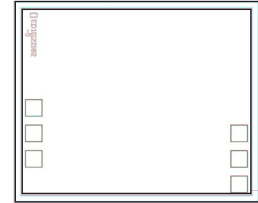
X2 MMIC Frequency Multiplier Die

CY2-283-D+

50Ω Output 7 to 28 GHz

Features

- wideband, output 7 to 28 GHz
- low conversion loss, 13 dB typ.
- high fundamental & harmonic suppression, F1, 35 dBc; F3, 34 dBc; F4, 23 dBc



Applications

- synthesizers
- local oscillators
- 5G

+RoHS Compliant
The +Suffix identifies RoHS Compliance. See our web site for RoHS Compliance methodologies and qualifications

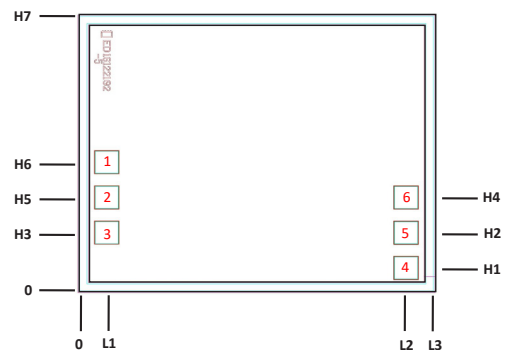
Ordering Information: Refer to Last Page

Electrical Specifications¹ at 25°C

Parameter	Input Frequency (GHz)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Multiplier Factor			2		
Frequency Range, Input (F1)			3.5 - 1.4		GHz
Frequency Range, Output (F2)			7 - 28		GHz
Input Power		12	—	18	dBm
Conversion Loss	3.5 - 12		11.2 - 14.2		dB
	12 - 14		13.3 - 16.7		
Harmonic Output ²	F1	3.5 - 12	23 - 73		dBc
		12 - 14	14 - 24		
	F3	3.5 - 12	25 - 48		
		12 - 14	33 - 43		
	F4	3.5 - 10.8	15 - 38		

1. Electrical specification are typical measured characteristics on Die using MPI Tiran series 150 μm pitch GSG probe with Pin=+15dBm
2. Harmonics of input frequency below the power level of F2

Bonding Pad Position



Dimensions in μm, Typical

L1	L2	L3	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6	H7	Thickness	Bond pad size
95.5	1306.5	1402	83.5	233.5	233.8	383.5	383.8	533.8	1140	100	100x100

Maximum Ratings³

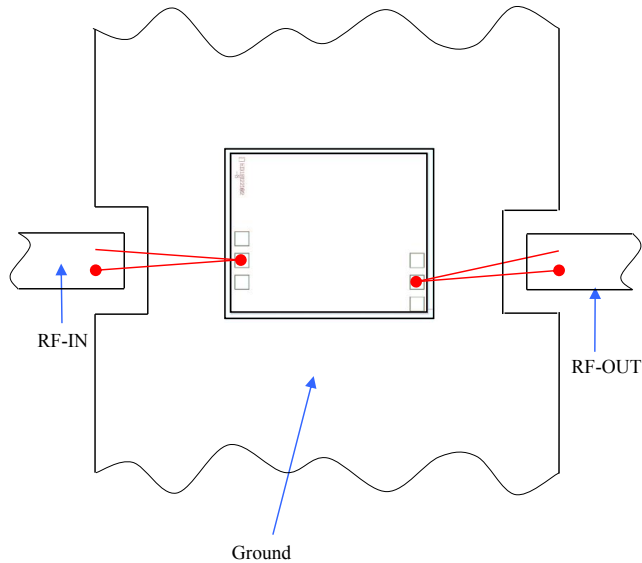
Parameter	Ratings
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 85°C
RF Input Power	21 dBm

3. Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.

Pad#	Function
2	RF-IN
5	RF-OUT
1,3,4,6	Ground
Die Bottom	Ground

Note: 1. Bond Pad material - Gold
2. Bottom of Die - Gold plated

Assembly Diagram



Note: Ground bond wires are optional

Assembly and Handling Procedure

1. Storage
Dice should be stored in a dry nitrogen purged desiccators or equivalent.
2. ESD
MMIC doubler dice are susceptible to electrostatic and mechanical damage. Die are supplied in antistatic protected material, which should be opened in clean room conditions at an appropriately grounded anti-static workstation. Devices need careful handling using correctly designed collets, vacuum pickup tips or sharp antistatic tweezers to deter ESD damage to dice.
3. Die Attach
The die mounting surface must be clean and flat. Using conductive silver filled epoxy, recommended epoxies are DieMat DM6030HK-PT/H579 or Ablestik 84-1LMISR4. Apply sufficient epoxy to meet required epoxy bond line thickness, epoxy fillet height and epoxy coverage around total die periphery. Parts shall be cured in a nitrogen filled atmosphere per manufacturer's cure condition. It is recommended to use antistatic die pick up tools only.
4. Wire Bonding
Bond pad openings in the surface passivation above the bond pads are provided to allow wire bonding to the dice gold bond pads. Thermosonic bonding is used with minimized ultrasonic content. Bond force, time, ultrasonic power and temperature are all critical parameters. Suggested wire is pure gold, 1 mil diameter. Bonds must be made from the bond pads on the die to the package or substrate. All bond wires should be kept as short as low as reasonable to minimize performance degradation due to undesirable series inductance.

