

NEW!
Four Section
Models

Reflectionless Band Pass Filter Die

XBF-D-Series

50Ω 15.5 to 20.5 GHz

The Big Deal

- High Stopband rejection, up to 77 dB
- Patented design terminates stopband signals
- Stop band up to 40 GHz
- Excellent repeatability through IPD* process



Product Overview

Mini-Circuits' XBF-D-Series are GaAs MMIC reflectionless filters which includes 4-sections, giving you ultra-high rejection in the stopband – up to 77 dB! Reflectionless filters employ a patented filter topology which absorbs and terminates stopband signals internally rather than reflecting them back to the source. This new capability enables unique applications for filter circuits beyond those suited to traditional approaches. Traditional filters are reflective in the stopband, sending signals back to the source at 100% power.

These reflections interact with neighboring components and often result in intermodulation and other interferences. By eliminating stopband reflections, reflectionless filters can readily be paired with sensitive devices and used in applications that otherwise require circuits such as isolation amplifiers or attenuators.

Key Features	Advantages
Choice of BW 15.5 - 16.5 GHz 17.5 - 18.5 GHz 19.5 - 20.5 GHz	Three different models to cover the band XBF-163-D+ XBF-183-D+ XBF-24-D+
Easy integration with sensitive reflective components, e.g. mixers, multipliers	Reflectionless filters absorb unwanted signals, preventing reflections back to the source. This reduces generation of additional unwanted signals without the need for extra components like attenuators, improving system dynamic range and saving board space.
High stopband rejection, up to 77 dB	Ideal for applications where suppression of strong spurious signals and intermodulation products is needed.
Enables stable integration of wideband amplifiers	Because reflectionless filters maintain good impedance in the stop band; they can be integrated with high gain, wideband amplifiers without the risk of creating instabilities in these out of band regions.
Cascadable	Reflectionless filters can be cascaded in multiple sections to provide sharper and higher attenuation, while also preventing any standing waves that could affect pass band signals.
Excellent power handling in a tiny surface mount device up to 0.5W in passband	High power handling extends the usability of these filters to the transmit path for inter-stage filtering.
Unpackaged die	Enables the user to integrate the filter directly into hybrids
Excellent repeatability of RF performance	Through semiconductor IPD process, X-series filters are inherently repeatable for large volume production.
Operating temperature up to 105°C	Suitable for operation close to high power components.

*IPD – Integrated Passive Device, is a GaAs semiconductor process



Reflectionless Band Pass Filter Die

XBF-24-D+

50Ω 19.5 to 20.5 GHz

Features

- Match to 50Ω in the stop band, eliminates undesired reflections
- Cascadable
- Excellent stopband rejection, 51 dB typ.
- Temperature stable, up to 105°C
- Protected by US Patents 8,392,495; 9,705,467, additional patent pending
- Protected by China Patent 201080014266.1
- Protected by Taiwan Patent I581494

Applications

- Transmitters & Receivers
- Harmonic Rejection
- Spurious Rejection



+RoHS Compliant

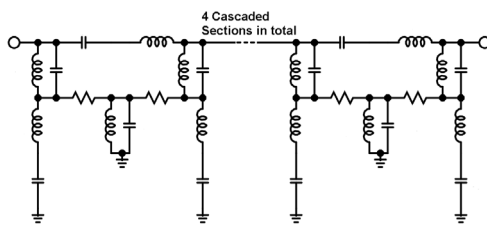
The +Suffix identifies RoHS Compliance. See our web site for RoHS Compliance methodologies and qualifications

Ordering Information: Refer to Last Page

General Description

Mini-Circuits' XBF-24-D+ four-section reflectionless filter Die employs a novel filter topology which absorbs and terminates stop band signals internally rather than reflecting them back to the source. This new capability enables unique applications for filter circuits beyond those suited to traditional approaches. Traditional filters are reflective in the stop band, sending signals back to the source at 100% of the power level. These reflections interact with neighboring components and often result in inter-modulation and other interferences. Reflectionless filters eliminate stop band reflections, allowing them to be paired with sensitive devices and used in applications that otherwise require circuits such as isolation amplifiers or attenuators.

Simplified Schematic and Pad description



Pad#	Description
2	RF-IN
5	RF-OUT
1,3,4,6	Ground
Die bottom	Ground

Note: 1. Bond Pad material - Gold
2. Bottom of Die - Gold plated

Bonding Pad Position



Dimensions in μm, Typical

L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	Thickness	Bond pad size
80	2370	2470	2570	2650	80	550	650	750	1300	100	78 X 78

Electrical Specifications¹ at 25°C

Parameter	F#	Frequency (MHz)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pass Band	Insertion Loss	F2-F3	19500 - 20500	4.2		dB
	VSWR	F2-F3	19500 - 20500	1.8		:1
Stop Band, Lower	Rejection	DC-F1	DC - 10000	76		dB
	VSWR	DC-F1	DC - 10000	1.2		:1
Stop Band, Upper	Rejection	F4-F5	30000 - 32000	49		dB
		F5-F6	32000 - 40000	51		dB
	VSWR	F4-F5	30000 - 32000	1.5		:1
		F5-F6	32000 - 40000	1.2		:1

¹ Measured on die using MPI titan series 100µm pitch GSG probe.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁴

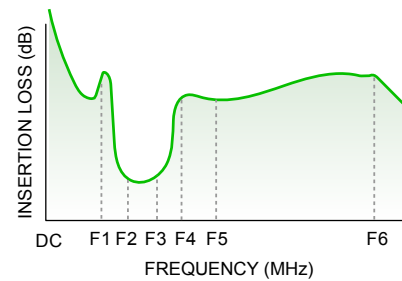
Parameter	Ratings
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +105°C
RF Power Input, Passband (F2-F3) ²	0.5W at 25°C
RF Power Input, Stopband (DC-F2, F3-F6) ³	0.16W at 25°C

² Passband rating derates linearly to 0.25W at 105°C ambient

³ Stopband rating derates linearly to 0.08W at 105°C ambient

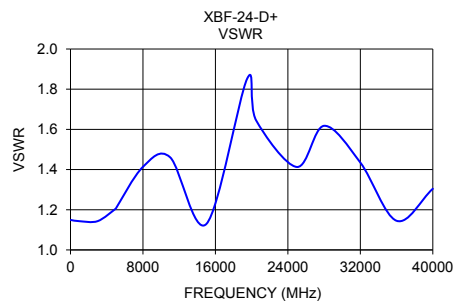
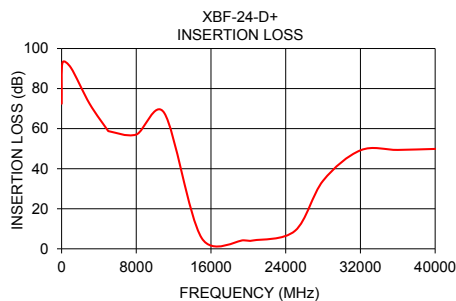
⁴ Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.

Specification Definition

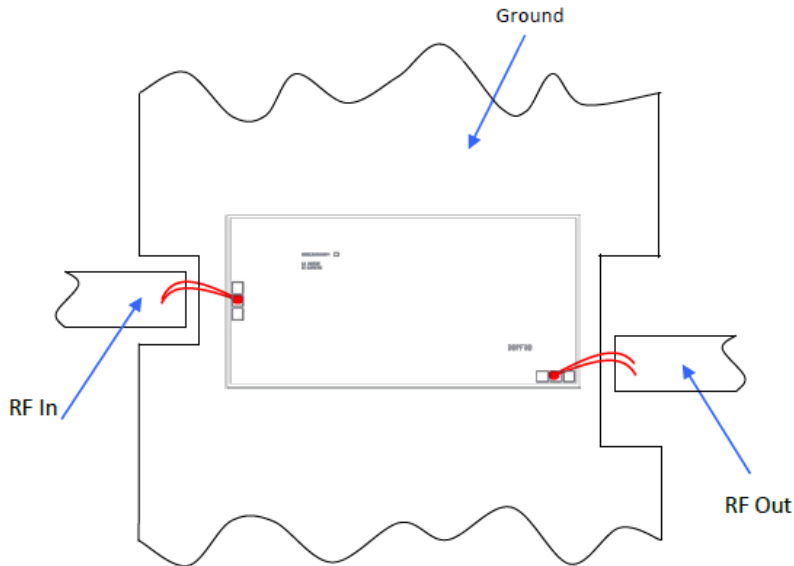


Typical Performance Data at 25°C

Frequency (MHz)	Insertion Loss (dB)	VSWR (:1)
10	72.43	1.15
100	92.92	1.15
500	86.26	1.15
1000	90.41	1.14
3000	72.43	1.14
5000	58.77	1.21
8000	57.05	1.41
11000	67.79	1.46
15000	5.39	1.13
19500	4.26	1.85
20500	4.19	1.64
25000	9.02	1.41
28000	34.01	1.62
32000	49.18	1.43
36000	49.37	1.15
40000	49.87	1.30



Assembly Diagram



Note: Ground bond wires are optional.

Assembly and Handling Procedure

1. Storage
Dice should be stored in a dry nitrogen purged desiccators or equivalent.
2. ESD
MMIC Gallium Arsenide (GaAs) filter dice are susceptible to electrostatic and mechanical damage. Die are supplied in antistatic protected material, which should be opened in clean room conditions at an appropriately grounded anti-static workstation. Devices need careful handling using correctly designed collets, vacuum pickup tips or sharp antistatic tweezers to deter ESD damage to dice.
3. Die Attach
The Die mounting surface must be clean and flat. Using conductive silver filled epoxy, recommended epoxies are DieMat DM6030Hk-PT/H579/H579 or Ablestik 84-1LMISR4. Apply sufficient epoxy to meet required epoxy bond line thickness, epoxy fillet height and epoxy coverage around total Die periphery. Parts shall be cured in a nitrogen filled atmosphere per manufacturer's cure condition. It is recommended to use antistatic Die pick up tools only.
4. Wire Bonding
Bond pad openings in the surface passivation above the bond pads are provided to allow wire bonding to the dice gold bond pads. Thermosonic bonding is used with minimized ultrasonic content. Bond force, time, ultrasonic power and temperature are all critical parameters. Suggested wire is pure gold, 1 mil diameter. Bonds must be made from the bond pads on the Die to the package or substrate. All bond wires should be kept as short as low as reasonable to minimize performance degradation due to undesirable series inductance.

